REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE BATH COUNTY CLERK

For The Year Ended December 31, 2001



EDWARD B. HATCHETT, JR. AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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EDWARD B. HATCHETT, JR. AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Paul E. Patton, Governor
Gordon C. Duke, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Dana Mayton, Secretary, Revenue Cabinet
Honorable Ray F Bailey, Bath County Judge/Executive
Honorable Glen Roger Thomas, Bath County Clerk
Members of the Bath County Fiscal Court

The enclosed report prepared by Berger & Ross, PLLC, Certified Public Accountants, presents the statement of receipts, disbursements, and excess fees of the County Clerk of Bath County, Kentucky, for the year ended December 31, 2001.

We engaged Berger & Ross, PLLC, to perform the financial audit of this statement. We worked closely with the firm during our report review process; Berger & Ross, PLLC, evaluated the Bath County Clerk's internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Respectfully submitted,

Edward B. Hatchett, Jr. Auditor of Public Accounts

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Enclosure



AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE BATH COUNTY CLERK

Calendar Year 2001

Berger & Ross, PLLC

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE BATH COUNTY CLERK

Calendar Year 2001

Berger & Ross, PLLC has completed the Bath County Clerk's audit for calendar year 2001. We have issued an unqualified opinion on the financial statement taken as a whole. Based upon the audit work performed, the financial statement is presented fairly in all material respects.

Financial Condition

Excess fees increased by \$4,199 from the prior calendar year, resulting in excess fees of \$44,340 as of December 31, 2001. Revenues increased by \$69,052 from the prior year and disbursements increased by \$62,853.

Report Comment:

The County Clerk's Office Lacks Proper Segregation Of Duties

Deposits:

The Clerk's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities or bonds.

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Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying statement of receipts, disbursements, and excess fees of the County Clerk of Bath County, Kentucky, for the year ended December 31, 2001. This financial statement is the responsibility of the County Clerk. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for County Fee Officials</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the County Clerk's office prepares the financial statement on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis and laws of Kentucky, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles, generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and excess fees of the County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2001, in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting.

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In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated June 26, 2002, on our consideration of the County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying comment and recommendation, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

• The County Clerk's Office Lacks Proper Segregation Of Duties

Respectfully submitted,

Berger & Ross, PLLC

Audit fieldwork completed - June 26, 2002

BATH COUNTY GLEN ROGER THOMAS, COUNTY CLERK STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES

Calendar Year 2001

Receipts

State Payments: State Fees for Services Libraries and Archives Grant	\$ 5,035 18,697	\$ 23,732
Fiscal Court		4,158
Licenses and Taxes:		
Motor Vehicle-		
Licenses and Transfers	\$ 266,677	
Usage Tax	526,459	
Tangible Personal Property Tax	548,227	
Licenses		
Marriage	3,554	
Deed Transfer Tax	16,060	
Delinquent Taxes	 71,345	1,432,322
Fees Collected for Services:		
Recordings-		
Deeds, Easements, and Contracts	\$ 8,802	
Real Estate Mortgages	19,089	
Chattel Mortgages and Financing Statements	44,527	
Powers of Attorney	891	
Other Recordings	9,545	82,854
Other:		
Copy Work, Extra Pages etc.	\$ 12,310	
Interest Earned	 1,997	14,307
Total Receipts		\$1,557,373

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statement.

BATH COUNTY
GLEN ROGER THOMAS, COUNTY CLERK
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES
Calendar Year 2001
(Continued)

Disbursements

Payments to State: Motor Vehicle-			
Licenses and Transfers	\$	207,737	
Usage Tax	*	507,629	
Tangible Personal Property Tax		220,417	
Licenses and Taxes-		,,	
Delinquent Tax		9,137	
Legal Process Tax		12,165	\$ 957,085
Degari rocess run	-	12,105	Ψ 957,005
Payments to Fiscal Court:			
Tangible Personal Property Tax	\$	56,006	
Delinquent Tax	*	7,717	
Deed Transfer Tax		15,651	79,374
Bood Hunster Tun	-	10,001	7,5,7
Payments to Other Districts:			
Tangible Personal Property Tax	\$	249,861	
Delinquent Tax	4	36,308	286,169
Demiquent Tux	-	30,300	200,109
Payments to Sheriff			1,415
Payments to County Attorney			11,366
Operating Disbursements:			
Personnel services-			
			60.024
Deputies' Salaries			69,924
Employee Benefits-			
= *			14,572
Employer's Paid Health Insurance			14,372
Materials and Supplies-			
Office Supplies			372
Office Supplies			312
Other Charges-			
Dues			350
Ducs			330
Disbursements (Carried Forward)			\$1,420,627

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statement.

BATH COUNTY GLEN ROGER THOMAS, COUNTY CLERK STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND EXCESS FEES Calendar Year 2001 (Continued)

Disbursements (Brought Forward)		\$1,420,627
Other Charges (Continued) -		
Election Expense	\$ 540	
Postage	952	
Binding - Libraries and Archives Grant	18,697	
Refunds	7,104	
Miscellaneous	208	27,501
Total Disbursements		\$1,448,128
Net Receipts		\$ 109,245
Less: Statutory Maximum		61,305
Excess Fees Less: Expense Allowance		\$ 47,940 3,600
Excess Fees Due County for Calendar Year 2001 Payments to County Treasurer - February 15 2002		\$ 44,340 44,340
Amount Due		\$ -

BATH COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2001

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of receipts over disbursements to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement has been prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, certain receipts and certain expenditures are recognized as a result of accrual at December 31, 2001.

The measurement focus of a fee official is upon excess fees. Remittance of excess fees is due to the County Treasurer in the subsequent year.

C. Cash and Investments

At the direction of the fiscal court, KRS 66.480 authorizes the County Clerk's office to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies instrumentalities, obligations, and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 2. Employee Retirement System

The county officials and employees have elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a multiple-employer public retirement system that covers all eligible full-time employees. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Non-hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5.0 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for non-hazardous employees was 7.17 percent for the first six months and 6.41 percent for the last six months of the calendar year.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for non-hazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for non-hazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65.

BATH COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2001 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

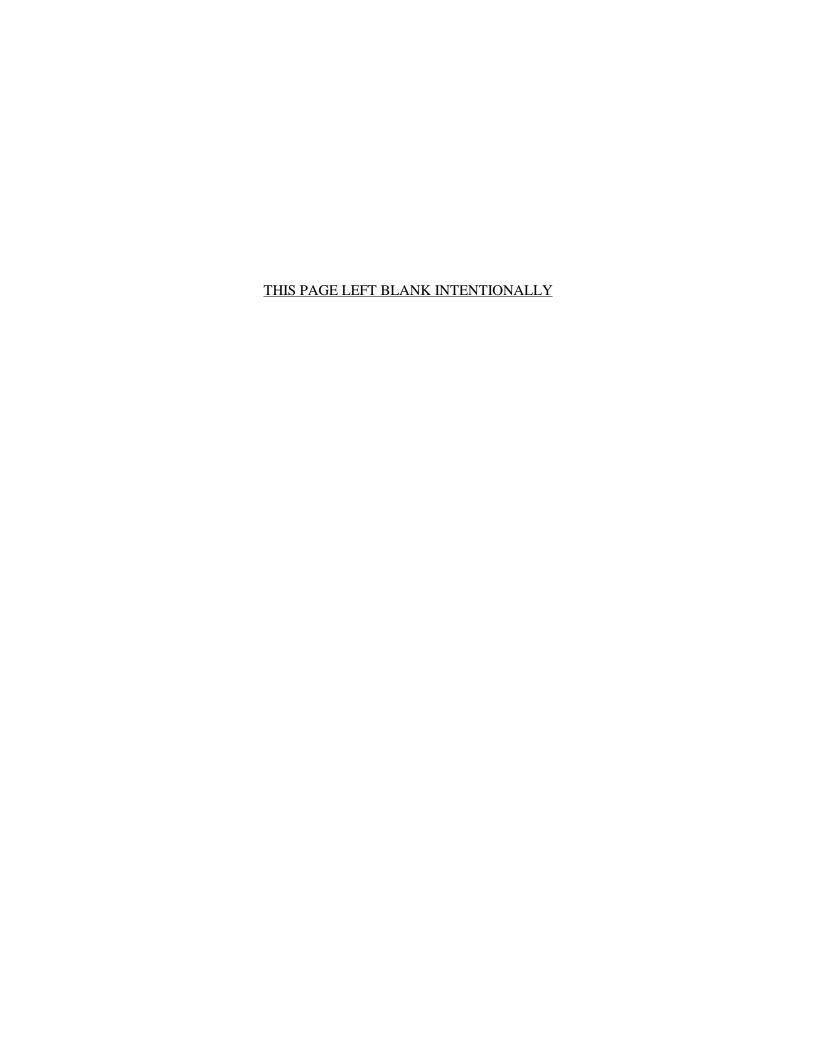
Historical trend information pertaining to CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is present in the Kentucky Retirement System's annual financial report which is a matter of public record.

Note 3. Deposits

The County Clerk maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the County Clerk and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met, and as of December 31, 2001, the County Clerk's deposits were fully insured or collateralized at a 100% level with collateral of either pledged securities held by the County Clerk's agent in the County Clerk's name, or provided surety bond which named the County Clerk as beneficiary/obligee on the bond.

Note 4. Grant

The County Clerk received a local records grant from the Kentucky Department for Libraries and Archives. The beginning balance of this account on January 1, 2001, was \$18,719. The account earned \$205 in interest during calendar year 2001. The County Clerk did not receive any additional grant money during calendar year 2001. Funds totaling \$18,697 were expended during calendar year 2001. The balance in the grant account on December 31, 2001 was \$227.





BATH COUNTY GLEN ROGER THOMAS, CLERK COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

December 31, 2001

INTERNAL CONTROL - REPORTABLE CONDITION AND MATERIAL WEAKNESS:

The County Clerk's Office Lacks Proper Segregation Of Duties

We noted the lack of an adequate segregation of duties for the internal control structure and its operation that in our judgment is a reportable condition under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Due to the entity's diversity of official operations, small size, and budget restrictions the official has limited options for establishing an adequate segregation of duties. Management has considered and rejected additional cost when setting budget limits on spending for salaries and therefore accepts the degree of risk for a lack of an adequate segregation of duties. However, Berger & Ross has judged the lack of an adequate segregation of duties as a reportable condition.

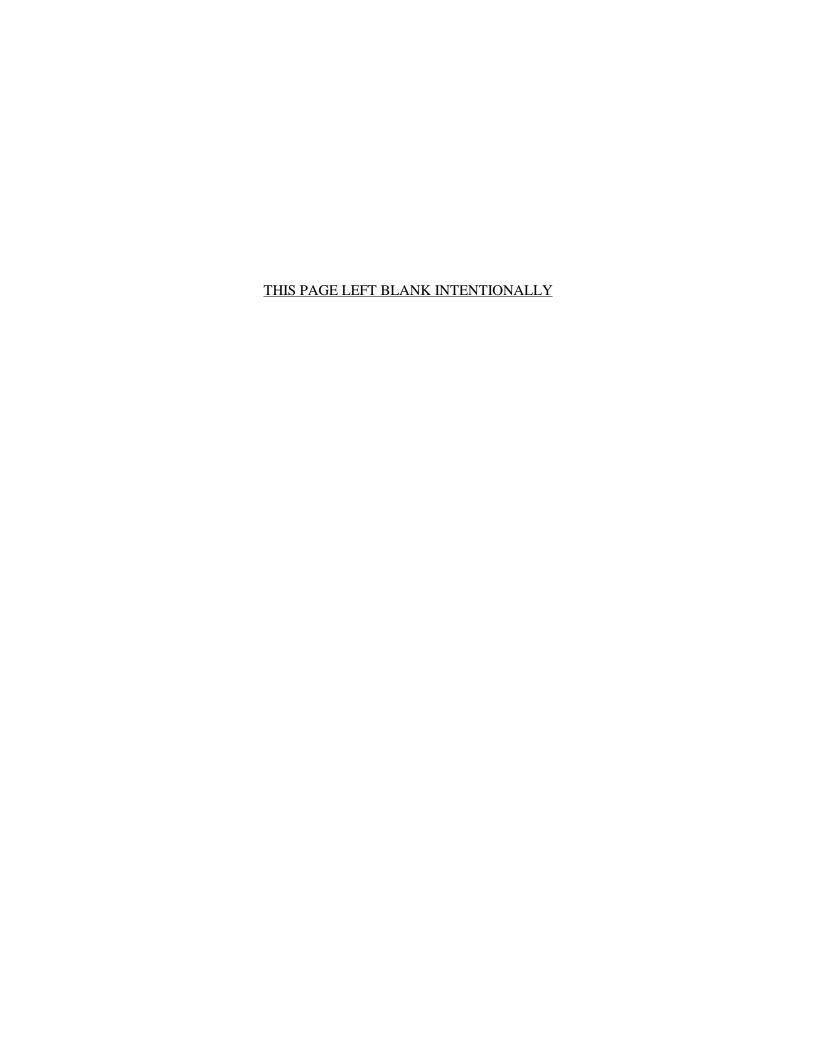
County Clerk's Response:

He understands.

PRIOR YEAR:

The County Clerk Should Maintain Timesheets For All Employees

The County Clerk Should Require Depository Institutions To Pledge Or Provide Sufficient Collateral To Protect Deposits



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



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Bob Ross, MBA, CPA, CFE Todd A. Berger, CPA

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Report On Compliance And On Internal Control
Over Financial Reporting Based On An Audit Of The Financial
Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the statement of receipts, disbursements, and excess fees of the Bath County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2001, and have issued our report thereon dated June 26, 2002. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Bath County Clerk's financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2001, is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of it's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Bath County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the entity's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statement. A reportable condition is described in the accompanying comment and recommendation.

• The County Clerk's Office Lacks Proper Segregation Of Duties

Report on Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statement being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider the reportable condition described above to be a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified party.

Respectfully submitted,

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Berger & Ross, PLLC

Audit Fieldwork completed - June 26, 2002